

# **Cambridge IGCSE**<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

# 2569757395

### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS**

0607/51

Paper 5 Investigation (Core)

May/June 2024

1 hour 10 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a graphic display calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly, including sketches, to gain full marks for correct methods.
- In this paper you will be awarded marks for providing full reasons, examples and steps in your working to communicate your mathematics clearly and precisely.

### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 36.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 8 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

## Answer **all** the questions.

### **INVESTIGATION**

### **SUMS OF NUMBERS**

This investigation looks at the sum of the positive integers,  $1+2+3+\cdots$ .

It also looks at the sum of their cubes,  $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \cdots$ .

1 (a) Calculate 1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8.

.....[1]

**(b)** The numbers can also be added using this method.

Complete this method for the sum of the numbers in part (a).

Step 1	Write down the first half of the numbers in a row.	1	2	3	4
Step 2	Write down the second half of the numbers underneath the first half but in reverse order.	8	7	6	5
Step 3	Add each column of two numbers to make a third row.	9	9	9	9
Step 4	Find the total of the numbers in the third row by writing the calculation as a multiplication.	4>	×9 =	=	

[1]

2 Use the method in Question 1(b) to calculate the sum of the first six positive integers, 1+2+3+4+5+6.

[4]

Complete the method to show that the sum of the first 30 positive integers is 465.

3

So 1-	+2+3++	28+29+3	0 = 465.			
	1	2	3	•••	15	
				•••	16	
				•••		

465

4 Find the sum of the first 160 positive integers,  $1+2+3+\cdots+160$ .

.....× ..... =

 [3]

[3]

5 Use Questions 1, 2, 3 and 4 to help you complete the table.

	Number of positive integers starting at 1	Multiplication	Sum
	4	2×5	10
Question 2	6		
Question 1	8	4×9	
	10		
Question 3	30		465
	50	25×51	1275
	128	64×129	
Question 4	160		
	204		20910

[4]

$6 \qquad 1+2+3+\cdots+n$	has <i>n</i> positive integers and its sum is	<i>T</i> .
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Find a formula for T in terms of n.

.....[3]

7 In the table in **Question 5** the number of integers is always even.

Does your formula in **Question 6** give the correct total when n = 7?

[3]

8 (a) Complete the table.

Sum of first <i>n</i> po	sitive integers	Sum of first <i>n</i> cube numbers			
Calculation	Sum (T)		Calculation	Sum (S)	
1+2	3	$1^3 + 2^3$	1+8	9	
1+2+3		$1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3$		36	
1+2+3+4			1+8+27+64		
	15	$1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + 4^3 + 5^3$		225	

			[4]
(b)	(i)	Write down the mathematical name for the positive integers in the Sum $(S)$ column.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Write a formula for <i>S</i> in terms of <i>T</i> .	
			Г17

	7
(c)	Use your answers to <b>Question 6</b> and <b>Question 8(b)</b> to find the sum of the cubes of the first 40 positive integers.
	$1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + 40^3$
	[4]
(d)	$1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + n^3 = 396900$
	Find how many cube numbers there are in this sum.

.....[4]

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